Suffield Park Infant and Nursery School Progression Map for PSHE and RSE



Colour Key information: For links with other curriculum areas see the following SPINS progression maps: ICT PE Science RE Maths

Subject: PSHE mental health and Relationships and Sex Education Subject Leader: Mrs Zoe Marsden					
Teaching focus: Health and wellbeing					
Yr Group	Knowledge	Skills	Vocabulary		
R	Physical development: Health and self care		needs, wants, safe,		
	Range 5:	Independence	unsafe, healthy, exercise		
	 Can tell adults when hungry, full up or tired or when they 	To be able to communicate their basic needs with an adult	sleep, body, worried,		
	want to rest, sleep or play	including asking to go to the toilet, if they are hungry/thirsty or	scared, happy, sad, diet,		
	• Observes and can describe in words or actions the effects of	what they would like to play.	health, toilet, PANTS rule		
	physical activity on their bodies.	To be able to dress themselves with limited help.			
	 Can name and identify different parts of the body 	To be able to dress themselves independently.			
	 Takes practical action to reduce risk, showing their 				
	understanding that equipment and tools can be used safely	Keeping safe			
	 Can wash and can dry hands effectively and understands 	To be able to keep themselves safe using simple equipment and			
	why this is important	tools.			
	 Willing to try a range of different textures and tastes and 	To know when it is important to wash hands and knows what			
	expresses a preference. Can name and identify different parts	this involves.			
	of the body	To be able to try new challenges whilst safely managing some			
	• Observes and controls breath, able to take deep breaths,	risk.			
	scrunching and releasing the breath				
	Can mirror the playful actions or movements of another	Healthy living			
	adult or child	Is able to discuss a healthy range of foods.			
	 Working towards a consistent, daily pattern in relation to 	Can talk about key practises to keep themselves healthy such as			
	eating, toileting and sleeping routines and understands why	doing some exercise, eating certain foods and getting enough			
	this is important	sleep or keeping clean by hand washing with an adult.			
	Gains more bowel and bladder control and can attend to	To know that there are people they can ask for help when they			
	toileting needs most of the time themselves.	need it or feel worried or scared			
	Dresses with help, e.g. puts arms into openfronted coat or	(Safeguarding -PANTS NSPCC materials)			
	shirt when held up, pulls up own trousers, and pulls up zipper				
	once it is fastened at the bottom				
	Range 6:				
	Eats a healthy range of foodstuffs and understands				

	 need for variety in food Describes a range of different food textures and tastes when cooking and notices changes when they are combined or exposed to hot and cold temperatures Describes physical changes to the body that can occur when feeling unwell, anxious, tired, angry or sad Can initiate and describe playful actions or movements for other children to mirror and follow Has established a consistent, daily pattern in relation to eating, toileting and sleeping routines and can explain why this is important Usually dry and clean during the day Shows some understanding that good practices with regard to exercise, eating, drinking water, sleeping and hygiene can contribute to good health Shows understanding of the need for safety when tackling new challenges, and considers and manages some risks by taking independent action or by giving a verbal warning to others Shows understanding of how to transport and store equipment safely 		
	 Practices some appropriate safety measures without direct supervision, considering both benefits and risk of a physical experience Early learning Goals Statutory ELG: Managing Self Children at the expected level of development will: - Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices. 		
1	 what it means to be healthy and why it is important ways to take care of themselves on a daily basis about basic hygiene routines, e.g. hand washing 	To be able to give some simple ways we can be healthy (exercise, reducing sugar/sugar swaps, enjoyable activities and spending time with family and friends)	Physical activity, hygiene, healthy, sugar, safety, feelings, happy, sad, exciting, good, enjoyable
	 about healthy and unhealthy foods, including sugar intake about food and drink that affect dental health 	To know to wash hands with soap and water for 20 seconds at least after toileting, before food and during illness.	worried, frightened, angry, scared, likes, dislikes, behavior, age

	about physical activity and how it keeps people healthy	To be able to wash hands correctly (see NHS guidance).	restrictions, safety online, responsibilities,
	 about different types of play, including balancing indoor, outdoor and screen-based play 	To know some ways to stay safe in the sun.	consequences
	 how to keep safe in the sun 	To live out the Colder miles of our Cohool and that we can story	
	 to recognise what makes them special and unique including their likes, dislikes and what they are good 	To know the Golden rules of our School and that we can stay happy and safe by following them. (linked to PATHS)	
	at	To be able to say things that make them and others special	
	 how to manage and whom to tell when finding things difficult, or when things go wrong 	(things that are unique to them or that they are good at) (PATHS)	
	 how they are the same and different to others 	To be able to name (and recall confidently) different people	
	about different kinds of feelings	who they can talk to if they are worried or scared – 'hand of trust' (PANTS)	
	how to recognise feelings in themselves and othershow feelings can affect how people behave	To know different feelings and to be able to identify these in themselves and others (PATHS).	
	 how rules can help to keep us safe 	To be able to talk about what to do when they feel sad, lonely worried or scared. (PATHS)	
	 why some things have age restrictions, e.g. TV and film, games, toys or play areas 	To begin to understand that their behaviour and the behaviour of others affects what we do.	
	 basic rules for keeping safe online whom to tell if they see something online that makes them feel unhappy, worried, or scared 	To know how to calm down when things are difficult or they feel angry (PATHS)	
	 To know what is meant by privacy and to know that they have a right to keep things private. 	To be able to recognise what is private to them personally. To know ways to respect others' privacy. (PANTS)	
	To recognise the importance of respecting others' privacy.		
2	about routines and habits for maintaining good physical and mental health	To be able to identify many different ways we can be healthy and to know that these should be done regularly (exercise, 5 a	Physical activity, hygiene, healthy, sugar, safety,
	 why sleep and rest are important for growing and keeping healthy 	day, enjoyable physical, social and personal/lone activities. Spending time with family and friends, getting enough sleep)	feelings, happy, sad, worried, frightened,
	 that medicines, including vaccinations and immunisations, can help people stay healthy and manage allergies 	To know that it is important to brush teeth twice a day before	angry, scared, exciting, enjoyable, likes, dislikes,
	 the importance of, and routines for, brushing teeth and visiting the dentist 	breakfast and bed time. To know that we should visit the dentist to maintain good oral health.	behavior, age restrictions, safety
	how to describe and share a range of feelingsways to feel good, calm down or change their mood e.g.		online, 5 a day, personal, regularly, immunisations,

playing outside, listening to music, spending time with others

- how to manage big feelings including those associated with change, loss and bereavement
- when and how to ask for help, and how to help others, with their feelings
- about the human life cycle and how people grow from young to old
- how our needs and bodies change as we grow up
- to identify and name the main parts of the body including external genitalia (e.g. vulva, vagina, penis, testicles)
- about change as people grow up, including new opportunities and responsibilities
- preparing to move to a new class and setting goals for next year
- how to recognise risk in everyday situations, e.g. road, water and rail safety, medicines
- how to help keep themselves safe in familiar and unfamiliar environments, such as in school, online and 'out and about'
- to identify potential unsafe situations, who is responsible for keeping them safe in these situations, and steps they can take to avoid or remove themselves from danger
- how to help keep themselves safe at home in relation to electrical appliances, fire safety and medicines/household products
- how to respond if there is an accident and someone is hurt
- about whose job it is to keep us safe and how to get help in an emergency, including how to dial 999 and what to say
- about people who can help them to stay healthy, such as parents, doctors, nurses, dentists, lunch supervisors

To know that vaccinations/immunisations help to stop us from getting some illnesses.

To know that setting goals can help us achieve new and exciting things (E.g. in a new class)

To know some common risks (road, water, electricity, rail, fire, medicines, household products, unfamiliar environments) and that it is important to follow adults' instructions to keep safe from these things. To know some ways that they can keep themselves safe (asking for help, stating near a grown up, following safety rules, not touching/ingesting things they are not familiar with)

To know how to call and what to say 999 in an emergency or if someone is hurt. To know the different people who can help us (parents, MSA's, firemen, coastguard, police, doctors nurses...)

To be able to say various things that make them and others special and to know that it is important to thank people when they complement us. (personal attributes) (PATHS)

To be able to name (and recall confidently) different people who they can talk to if they are worried or scared—'hand of trust' (PANTS)

To know many different feelings and to be able to identify these in themselves and others (PATHS).

To be able to identify what to do and how to help others when they feel sad, lonely worried or scared (including bereavement change and loss. (PATHS)

To know ways to feel good or change our mood (playing outside, music, social activities. (PATHS)

To know that their behaviour and the behaviour of others affects what we do and that all behaviours have consequences. (PATHS)

goals, mood, change, loss, human life cycle, themselves, vulva, penis, testicles, vagina, medicines, emergency, compliment, responsibilities, social, consequences

	 To know what is meant by privacy and to know that they have a right to keep things private. To recognise the importance of respecting others' privacy. 	To know how to calm down when things are difficult or they feel angry and also to be able to help others to calm down too. (PATHS) To be able to recognise what is private to them personally. To know ways to respect others' privacy. (PANTS rule)	
Year Group	cus: Living in the Wider World Knowledge	Skills	Vocabulary
R R	Understanding the world: People and communities Range 5: Shows interest in the lives of people who are familiar to them Enjoys joining in with family customs and routines Remembers and talks about significant events in their own experience Recognises and describes special times or events for family or friends Shows interest in different occupations and ways of life indoors and outdoors Knows some of the things that make them unique, and can talk about some of the similarities and differences in relation to friends or family Range 6: Enjoys joining in with family customs and routines Talks about past and present events in their own life and in the lives of family members Knows that other children do not always enjoy the same things, and is sensitive to this Knows about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities, cultures and traditions Early Learning Goal Statutory ELG: People, Culture and Communities Children at the expected level of development will:	Community To be able to talk about important people and events in their own lives (experiences) Is able to show an interest in various occupations and ways of life e.g. police, firemen, librarian, coastguard, lollypop lady, priest, doctor, nurse,) we don't do this currently Similiarities/differences Is able to say what makes them special with some support. Can recognise with support differences and similarities between their family or friends. Can show some awareness of what makes their friends special (PATHS-pupil of the day) To be able to talk about the past and present in their own lives. To be able to say that other children might like different things to them and are able to show sensitivity towards this. To be able to give some similarities and differences between themselves and others (e.g. through Pupil of the day -PATHS)	Important, special, past, similarity, difference, community, tradition, unique

	 Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps; Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class; Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate – maps 		
1	 about examples of rules in different situations, e.g. class rules, rules at home, rules outside how we care for people, animals and other living things in different ways how they can look after the environment, e.g. recycling how and why people use the internet the benefits of using the internet and digital devices how people find things out and communicate safely with others online that everyone has different strengths, in and out of school about how different strengths and interests are needed to do different jobs about people whose job it is to help us in the 	To know that there are different sets of rules we follow: those at home, school and during PATHS time. To be able to identify different people who can help us in the community (e.g. police, firemen, librarian, coastguard, lollypop lady, priest, doctor, nurse,) To know how these people might be able to help us. (purple/green objectives see relevant progression map) To know strengths that they have (linked to being special-PATHS pupil) and to begin to think about strengths people need to do different jobs (e.g. personal attributes such as kindness, consideration, thoughtfulness, politeness, care)	Community, internet, communicate, safely, online, strengths, interests, kindness, consideration, care, thoughtful, polite, manners
	community about different jobs and the work people do.		Strengths, kindness,
2	 about being a part of different groups, and the role they play in these groups e.g. class, teams, faith groups about different rights and responsibilities that they have in school and the wider community about how a community can help people from different groups to feel included to recognise that they are all equal, and ways in which they are the same and different to others in their 	To be able to identify strengths in their peers as well as themselves including those within our community (e.g. police, firemen, librarian, coastguard, lollypop lady, priest, doctor, nurse,) To recognise various skills needed by these people to do their jobs. (e.g. personal attributes of kindness, consideration, care, thoughtfulness, respect, politeness, trustworthiness) (partly covered in PATHS -identifying strengths in others)	consideration, respect, politeness, manners, trustworthy, equal, similarities, differences, saving, spend, money, needs, wants, reward,

rear Group	knowledge	SKIIS	vocabulary
R	PSED: Making relationships	Play/Relationships	Listening, sharing, taking
	Range 5	Is able to play alongside others	turns, helping,
	• Seeks out companionship with adults and other children,	Is able to select activities and resources with help.	compromise, responsible,
	sharing experiences and play ideas	Is able to join in a game and is able to play co-operatively, I s	community, feelings,
	Uses their experiences of adult behaviours to guide their	able to take turns, in a group with success, building and	behaviour, problem
	social relationships and interactions	extending on their collaborative ideas.	consequence,
	Shows increasing consideration of other people's needs	Is able to demonstrate ways to be friendly and to form good	unacceptable, love, care,
	and gradually more impulse control in favourable	relationships (e.g. listening, showing care, helping, sharing,	kindness, private, scared,
	conditions, e.g. giving up a toy to another who wants it	compromise)	worried, help
			!

- Practices skills of assertion, negotiation and compromise and looks to a supportive adult for help in resolving conflict with peers
- Enjoys playing alone, alongside and with others, inviting others to play and attempting to join others' play
 Range 6
- Represents and recreates what they have learnt about social interactions from their relationships with close adults, in their play and relationships with others
- Develops particular friendships with other children, which help them to understand different points of view and to challenge their own and others' thinking
- Is increasingly flexible and cooperative as they are more able to understand other people's needs, wants and behaviours
- Is increasingly socially skilled and will take steps to resolve conflicts with other children by negotiating and finding a compromise; sometimes by themselves, sometimes with support
- Returns to the secure base of a familiar adult to recharge and gain emotional support and practical help in difficult situations
- Is proactive in seeking adult support and able to articulate their wants and needs
- Some children may have had to make many different relationships in their life. This may have impacted on their understanding of what makes a consistent and stable relationship

Early Learning Goal

Statutory ELG: Building Relationships

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others;
- Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers;
- Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.

personal, Social and emotional development - sense of self

Is able to initiate conversations by listening and responding to others appropriately.

Is able to explain their own understanding and ask appropriate questions.

Sensitivity to others

Is able to form positive relationships with peers and adults. Is able to take account of one another's ideas about how to organise their activity.

Is able to show sensitivity to others needs and feelings.

Self confidence

Is able to enjoys receiving praise (linked to PATHS thanking each other for their compliments)

Is able to carry out small tasks and enjoys the responsibility this provides.

Is able to talk about their own home and community.

Is able to talk to peers and adults with confidence. (e.g peers when playing games and adults when sharing needs or wants) Is able to describe themselves and their abilities positively (PATHS-special person)

Is able to try new activities and say why they like some activities more than others. Is able to speak confidently in a familiar group. Is able to talk about their ideas and choose the resources they need for chosen activities. To know when to ask for help and when they don't need it.

Emotional development/Managing behaviour

Is able to recognise their own feelings and that their actions and words can hurt others (PATHS)

To know that others have needs and can take turns and share resources occasionally supported by others.

Is able to tolerate delay when needs are not met (usually). Is able to understand that needs may not always be met. Is able to adapt behavior to different events situations and changes in routine.

Range 5:

- Is becoming more aware of the similarities and differences between themselves and others in more detailed ways and identifies them self in relation to social groups and to their peers
- Is sensitive to others' messages of appreciation or criticism
- Enjoys a sense of belonging through being involved in daily tasks
- Is aware of being evaluated by others and begin to develop ideas about themselves according to the messages they hear from others
- Shows their confidence and self-esteem through being outgoing towards people, taking risks and trying new things or new social situations and being able to express their needs and ask adults for help

Range 6:

- Recognises that they belong to different communities and social groups and communicates freely about own home and community
- Is more aware of their relationships to particular social groups and sensitive to prejudice and discrimination
- Shows confidence in speaking to others about their own needs, wants, interests and opinions in familiar group
- Can describe their competencies, what they can do well and are getting better at; describing themselves in positive but realistic terms
- Has a clear idea about what they want to do in their play and how they want to go about it
- Shows confidence in choosing resources and perseverance in carrying out a chosen activity

Early Learning Goal

Statutory ELG: Managing Self

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Be confident to try new activities and show independence,

resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge

Is able to recognise that their behaviour affects other people (PATHS)

Is able to recognise boundaries set and what behavior is expected of them.

Is beginning to negotiate and solve problems without aggression.

Is able to talk about how they and others show feelings (PATHS) Is able to talk about their behaviour and knows that it has consequences.

Is able to know that some behavior is unacceptable. Is able to work collaboratively in a group and follow rules. Is able to adjust their behaviour to different situations and accept changes in routine.

Keeping safe

To understand how to get help if they are worried or scared about something in their family (PANTS -hand of trust)

To be able to explain the parts of their body that are private and that these are personal to them (PANTS rule NSPCC materials)

PSED: understanding emotions

Range 5

- Expresses a wide range of feelings in their interactions with others and through their behaviour and play, including excitement and anxiety, guilt and self-doubt
- May exhibit increased fearfulness of things like the dark or monsters etc and possibly have nightmares
- Talks about how others might be feeling and responds according to their his understanding of the other person's needs and wants
- Is more able to recognise the impact of their her choices and behaviours/actions on others and knows that some actions and words can hurt others' feelings
- Understands that expectations vary depending on different events, social situations and changes in routine, and becomes more able to adapt their behaviour in favourable conditions

Range 6

- Understands their own and other people's feelings, offering empathy and comfort
- Talks about their own and others' feelings and behaviour and its consequences
- Attempts to repair a relationship or situation where they have caused upset and understands how their actions impact other people
- Is more able to manage their feelings and tolerate situations in which their wishes cannot be met
- -Seeks support, "emotional refuelling" and practical help in new or challenging situations.
- Is aware of behavioural expectations and sensitive to ideas of justice and fairness
- Seeks ways to manage conflict, for example through holding back, sharing, negotiation and compromise

Early Learning Goal

Statutory ELG: Self-Regulation

Children at the expected level of development will:

	- Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly (KS1 objectives included for child protection reasons) how to respond if being touched makes them feel uncomfortable or unsafe about what it means to keep something private, including parts of the body that are private		
1	 about people who care for them, e.g. parents, siblings, grandparents, relatives, friends, teachers the role these different people play in children's lives and how they care for them what it means to be a family and how families are different, e.g. single parents, same-sex parents, etc. about the importance of telling someone — and how 	To know people who can help them and the things they might do e.g. To some things that friends might do for us. (link to PANTS hand of trust – see health and wellbeing section). To know what it means to be part of a family and that there are all different types of family set ups. To know that all families	Love, care, kindness, private, worried, scared, family, trust, health, unsafe, uncomfortable, personal, behaviour, respect, bullying, hurtful, kind, caring, polite,
	 to tell them — if they are worried about something in their family about situations when someone's body or feelings might be hurt and whom to go to for help about what it means to keep something private, including parts of the body that are private 	love and care for each other regardless of how they are constructed. To know how to get help if they are worried or scared about something in their family (PANTS -hand of trust)	manners, share, turn taking, friendships
	to identify different types of touch and how they make people feel (e.g. hugs, tickling, kisses and punches)	To know the parts of their body that are private and that these are personal to them (PANTS rule NSPCC materials)	
	 how to respond if being touched makes them feel uncomfortable or unsafe when it is important to ask for permission to touch others how to ask for and give/not give permission what kind and unkind behaviour mean in and out school how kind and unkind behaviour can make people feel about what respect means 	To know that different types of touch make us feel differently. If touch makes them feel uncomfortable or unsafe they ask for help. To know to say NO in this situation and how to ask for help (PANTS rule) To know that it is important to ask before touching someone and that they may give permission or may not.	

	about class rules, being polite to others, sharing and taking turns	To be able to recognise kind and unkind behaviour and how it makes people feel (PATHS)	
		To know what respect is and how we show it towards others (PATHS)	
		To know how to be polite, share and take turns (PATHS)	
2	how to be a good friend, e.g. kindness, listening, honesty	To know many ways that they can be a good friend and to be able to demonstrate these confidently including being honest	Honesty, friendships, respect, argument,
	about different ways that people meet and make friends	and showing good listening skills to their peers. (PATHS)	cooperative, bullying, ourselves, behaviour,
	strategies for positive play with friends, e.g. joining in, including others, etc.	To know how to initiate friendships and the benefits of this. (PATHS)	fair, surprises, secrets, hurtful, repetitive, uncomfortable, worried,
	about what causes arguments between friends		scared, unsafe, safe,
	 how to positively resolve arguments between friends how to recognise, and ask for help, when they are feeling lonely or unhappy or to help someone else 	To know ways to play and work well together (encouraging joining in, listening to each other, fair and cooperative play and work) (PATHS)	similarities/ differences
	how to recognise hurtful behaviour, including online		
	what to do and whom to tell if they see or experience hurtful behaviour, including online	To know that sometimes we have arguments and that behaviour can sometimes be hurtful. To know that we can	
	about what bullying is and different types of bullying	generally resolve this ourselves but we must ask for help if we	
	 how someone may feel if they are being bullied about the difference between happy surprises and secrets that make them feel uncomfortable or 	cannot. (PATHS) To know the difference between bullying and hurtful behavior.	
	 worried, and how to get help how to resist pressure to do something that feels uncomfortable or unsafe 	To know that bully is repetitive and done by the same person/people. To know how bullying can make someone feel.	
	how to ask for help if they feel unsafe or worried and what vocabulary to use	To know that they are in charge of their own behaviour and	
	about the things they have in common with their friends, classmates, and other people	that they should not do something that they think is worrying or unsafe. (partly covered in PATHS taking control of their behavior -doing turtle)	
	how friends can have both similarities and differences		

 how to play and work cooperatively in different groups and situations how to share their ideas and listen to others, take part in discussions, and give reasons for their views 	To know the difference between happy surprises and secrets. To know that if a secret makes them feel worried or scared, they ask for help (Linked to PANTS NSPCC materials -hand of trust)	
	To know that people can be friends regardless of whether they are similar or different. (PATHS)	